## Powers of 10

1) a) Draw counters to show 342 on the place value chart.

| HTh | TTh | Th | H | T | O |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

b) Draw counters to show 3,420 on the place value chart.

| HTh | TTh | Th | H | T | O |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

c) Draw counters to show 34,200 on the place value chart.

| HTh | TTh | Th | H | T | O |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

What is the same? What is different?
(2) a) How many ones are there in 10?

b) How many tens are there in 100 ? $\square$
c) How many hundreds are there in 1,000 ?
d) How many thousands are there in 10,000 ? $\square$
What do you notice?
(3)
a) How many hundreds are there in 2,000 ?
b) How many hundreds are there in 4,000 ?
c) How many hundreds are there in 4,300 ?
d) How many hundreds are there in 4,700 ?
(4) The Gattegno chart shows the numbers 58,000 and 5,800

| 100,000 | 200,000 | 300,000 | 400,000 | 500,000 | 600,000 | 700,000 | 800,000 | 900,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10,000 | 20,000 | 30,000 | 40,000 | 50,000 | 60,000 | 70,000 | 80,000 | 90,000 |
| 1,000 | 2,000 | 3,000 | 4,000 | 5,000 | 6,000 | 7,000 | 8,000 | 9,000 |
| 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 700 | 800 | 900 |
| 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |

a) Show 580 on the Gattegno chart.
b) Complete the sentences.

58,000 is 10 times the size of $\square$
$\square$
$\square$ is 10 times the size of 58
5,800 is one-tenth the size of $\square$
58,000 is one-tenth the size of $\square$

5 The Gattegno chart shows the numbers 270,000 and 2,700

| 100,000 | 200,000 | 300,000 | 400,000 | 500,000 | 600,000 | 700,000 | 800,000 | 900,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10,000 | 20,000 | 30,000 | 40,000 | 50,000 | 60,000 | 70,000 | 80,000 | 90,000 |
| 1,000 | 2,000 | 3,000 | 4,000 | 5,000 | 6,000 | 7,000 | 8,000 | 9,000 |
| 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 700 | 800 | 900 |
| 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |

a) Show 27 on the Gattegno chart.
b) Complete the sentences.

270,000 is 100 times the size of $\square$ is one-hundredth the size of 2,700
(6) 1 metre is 100 times the size of 1 centimetre.

There are 100 cm in 1 m .

| 1 m | 1 m | 1 m | 1 m |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 cm | 100 cm | 100 cm | 100 cm |

a) How many centimetres are there in 4 m ? $\square$
b) How many centimetres are there in 400 m ? $\square$
c) How many centimetres are there in $4,000 \mathrm{~m}$ ? $\square$ cm
d) How many centimetres are there in $4,400 \mathrm{~m}$ ? $\square$ cm
(7) 1 kilogram is 1,000 times the size of 1 gram.

There are $1,000 \mathrm{~g}$ in 1 kg .

| 1 kg | 1 kg | 1 kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1,000 \mathrm{~g}$ | $1,000 \mathrm{~g}$ | $1,000 \mathrm{~g}$ |

a) How many grams are there in 3 kg ?

b) How many grams are there in 300 kg ? $\square$ g
c) How many grams are there in $1,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ ? $\square$ g

8 The children choose one of these number cards each.


Which number does each child have?


